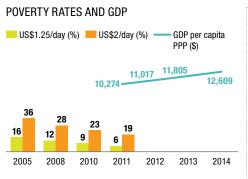


ECONOMICS AND DEMOGRAPHY



Source: World Bank 2015. Note: PPP = purchasing power parity.



INCOME INEQUALITY

Gini index score*	Gini index rank [†]	Year
37	67	2011

Source: World Bank 2015.

Notes: *0 = perfect equality, 100 = perfect inequality. †The countries with a Gini index are ranked from most equal (#1) to most unequal (#145).

POPULATION

Population (000)	1,401,587	2015
Under-5 population (000)	91,238	2015
Urban (%)	56	2015
> 65 years (%)	19	2015

Source: 2015 projections from UNPD 2013.

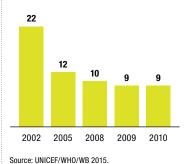
CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

CHILD ANTHROPOMETRY

Number of children under 5 affected (000)				
Stunting ^a	8,044	2010		
Wasting ^a	1,968	2010		
Overweight ^a	5,648	2010		
Percentage of children under 5 affected				
Wasting ^a 2 2010				
Severe wasting ^a 1 2010				
Overweight ^a 7 2010				
Low birth weight ^b	NA	NA		
Courses, SUNICEE/WHO /WD 2015, DUNICEE 2015				

Sources: ^aUNICEF/WHO/WB 2015; ^bUNICEF 2015. Note: NA = not available.

PREVALENCE OF UNDER-5 STUNTING (%)



CHANGES IN STUNTING PREVALENCE OVER TIME, BY WEALTH QUINTILE



Source: DHS surveys 1990-2011 adapted from Bredenkamp et al. 2014.

ADOLESCENT AND ADULT NUTRITION STATUS

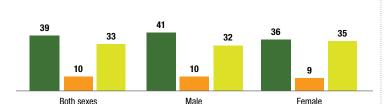
ADOLESCENT AND ADULT ANTHROPOMETRY (% POPULATION)

	,	
Adolescent overweight ^{a*}	19	2003
Adolescent obesity ^a *	6	2003
Women of reproductive age, thinness ^b	NA	NA
Women of reproductive age, short stature ^b	NA	NA

Sources: ^aWHO 2015; ^bDHS 2015. Note: NA = not available. * Data are subnational.

Raised blood pressure

METABOLIC RISK FACTORS FOR DIET-RELATED NONCOMMUNICABLE DISEASES, 2008 (%)



Raised blood glucose

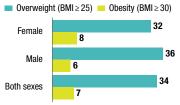
Source: WHO 2014.

MICRONUTRIENT STATUS OF POPULATION

Women of reproductive age with anemia ^a		
Total population affected (000)	73,344	2011
Total population affected (%)	20	2011
Vitamin A deficiency in children 6–59 months old (%) ^b	4	2013
Population classification of iodine nutrition (age group 8-10) ^c	Risk of iodine-induced hyperthy- roidism (IIH) within 5-10 years following introduction of iodized salt in susceptible groups	2002

Sources: ^aWHO 2015; ^bStevens et al. 2015; ^cWHO 2004.

PREVALENCE OF ADULT OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY, 2014 (%)



Source: WHO 2015. Note: BMI = body mass index.

WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY INDICATORS: PROGRESS AGAINST GLOBAL WHA TARGETS

Raised blood cholesterol

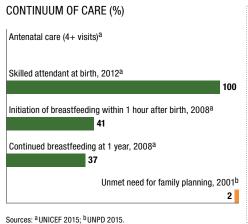
Under-5 stunting, 2010 ^a	Under-5 wasting, 2010 ^b	Under-5 overweight, 2010 ^a	WRA anemia, 2011 ^b	EBFa
On course, good progress	On course	On course, at risk	Off course	NA

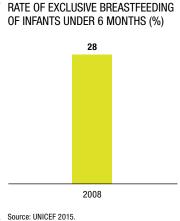
Sources: ^aDefinitions of progress developed by GNR's Independent Expert Group with guidance from WHO/UNICEF; ^bWHO 2014.

Notes: Currently it is only possible to determine whether a country is on or off course for five of the six WHA targets. The year refers to the most recent data available; on/off-course calculation is based on trend data.

WRA = women of reproductive age. EBF = exclusive breastfeeding. NA = not available.

INTERVENTION COVERAGE AND CHILD-FEEDING PRACTICES





INTERVENTION COVERAGE (%)

Severe acute malnutrition, geographic coverage ^a	NA	NA
Vitamin A supplementation, full coverage ^b	NA	NA
Children under 5 with diarrhea receiving ORS ^b	NA	NA
Immunization coverage, DTP3 ^b	99	2013
lodized salt consumption ^b	97	2011

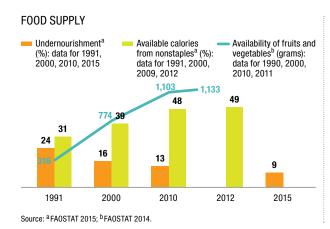
Sources: a UNICEF/Coverage Monitoring Network/ACF International 2012; b UNICEF 2015. Notes: ORS=oral rehydration salts; DTP3=3 doses of combined diphtheria/tetanus/pertussis vaccine. NA = not available.

INFANT AND YOUNG-CHILD FEEDING PRACTICES (% 6–23 MONTHS)

Minimum acceptable diet	NA	NA
Minimum dietary diversity	NA	NA

Source: UNICEF 2015.
Note: NA = not available.

UNDERLYING DETERMINANTS



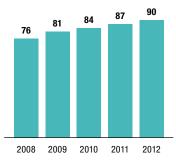
GENDER-RELATED DETERMINANTS

Early childbearing: births by age 18 (%) ^a	NA	NA	
Gender Inequality Index (score*)b	0.202	2013	
Gender Inequality Index (country rank) ^b	37	2013	
Sources: a UNICEF 2015; b UNDP 2014.			

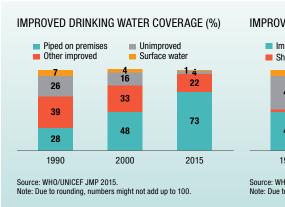
POPULATION DENSITY OF HEALTH WORKERS PER 1,000 PEOPLE

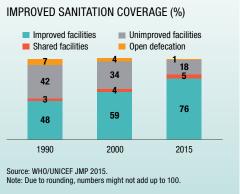
Physicians	1.491	2011
Nurses and midwives	1.656	2011
Community health workers	0.831	2011
Source: WHO 2015.		

FEMALE SECONDARY EDUCATION ENROLLMENT (%)



Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2015.



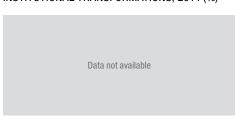


GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES (%) Health Social protection Education Agriculture 7.8 9.5 10.3 9.6 10.0 10 0 10.2 1.8 19.1 16.9 15.0 14.0 5.5 5.3 5.8 4.8 2000 2010 2012 1990

Source: IFPRI 2015.

FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND POLICY, LEGISLATION, AND INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

SCALING UP NUTRITION (SUN) COUNTRY INSTITUTIONAL TRANSFORMATIONS, 2014 (%)



Source: SUN 2014.

POLICY AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

National implementation of the International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes ^a	Few provisions law	2014
Extent of constitutional right to food ^b	Medium-low	2003
Maternity protection (Convention 183) ^c	Partial	2011
Wheat fortification legislation ^d	No fortification	2015
Rank: 126/126		2011- 2015
Overnutrition mentioned in national development plans and economic growth strategies ^e Rank: 116/116		2011- 2015
Sources: ^a UNICEF 2014; ^b FAO 2003; ^c ILO 2013; ^d FFI 2015; ^e IDS 2015.		

AVAILABILITY AND STAGE OF IMPLEMENTATION OF GUIDELINES/PROTOCOLS/STANDARDS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF NCDs

Diabetes	Available, fully implemented	2010
Hypertension	Available, fully implemented	2010

Source: WHO 2014.
Note: NCDs = noncommunicable diseases.

For complete source information: http://globalnutritionreport.org/the-report/technical-notes.